Improving Patient Outcomes in
Patients Presenting Through the
Emergency Department with
Severe Sepsis/Septic Shock

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Problem

• Delays in arrival-antibiotic orders

• Increased CMS SEP-1 case failures

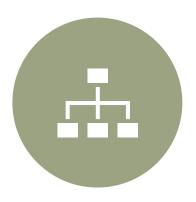
• Increase in Sepsis Mortality Rates

Objectives

- Increase SEP -1 Bundle Compliance Facility goal 70%
- Decrease Arrival to Abx Orders Goal < 60 minutes
- Reduce Sepsis Mortality Rates











ED NURSES, ED PHYSICIANS

ED LEADERSHIP

ADMINISTRATION

SEPSIS COMMITTEE

QUALITY & PATIENT OUTCOMES

TEAM

Model for Improvement What are we trying to accomplish? How will we know that a change is an improvement? What change can we make that will result in improvement? Act Plan Study Do

Image: Institute for Healthcare Improvement, 2025

Assessment

- Concurrent Audits
- Surveys
- Gap Analysis
- Plan, Do, Study, Act
- •RCA
- Gap Analysis

Hospital Sepsis Gap Analysis

Element		Yes	No	N/A	Unsure	Comments
Leadershi	p Support					
1. Do	you have a sepsis program? If yes,					
ple	ase describe in comments					
2. Do	es your sepsis program have					
	dership support, i.e. administrator,					
me	dical director, medical staff, clinical					
sta						
	our medical staff actively involved in					
sep	osis prevention?					
Committees						
4. Do	you report on sepsis at?					
	a. Quality Committee					
	b. Infection Control Committee					
5. Do	you share infection or sepsis data with					
	ff? If yes, list type of data under					
cor	nments.		ш			
6. Do	your share information with patients					
	d families? List how under comments.					
Education						
7. Do	you have a sepsis early recognition					
trai	ining program?					
	a. If No, do you need assistance					
	setting up a training program?					
8. Do	es hospital staff have an annual					
cor	mpetency for sepsis?					
9. Do	you utilize skills days for nursing					
ass	istant sepsis training?					
10. Wh	nat are the tools you use to train staff,					
i.e.,	INTERACT, Seeing Sepsis 100, or					
oth	ner? List under comments.					
	a. Do you have sepsis education					
	materials for staff?					
	b. Do you have sepsis education					
	materials for patients and families?					
Early Identification of Sepsis & Infection Risk						
11. Do	es your admission assessment					
inc	lude an infection and sepsis risk					
ass	essment?					
	you audit the admission nursing					
ass	essment to ensure it is completed?					



Inconsistent use of nurse-driven protocols for sepsis

Lack of stakeholder buyin Underutilization of "Sepsis Quick List" order set by providers

BARRIERS IDENTIFIED

REINFORCED USE OF RN PROTOCOLS

Added Sepsis, Stroke, Chest Pain RN protocol processes to Triage policy

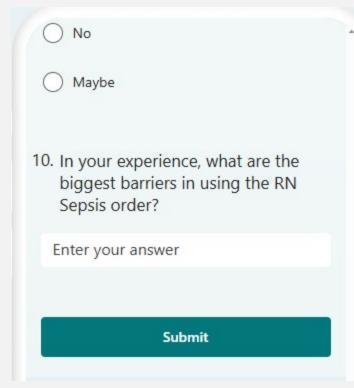
Educated Nursing staff on adherence to policy, importance of early identification and treatment. Empowered nurses to utilize available resources, reaffirm autonomy.

ED Medical Director, Provider Champions worked toward cultural change reducing negative feedback on protocol orders.

Provided monthly feedback to Sepsis Team on nursing order set usage, missed opportunities. Real time feedback, when possible, via concurrent audits.

BARRIER SURVEYS

-	7. Providers have expressed that they would rather put their own orders in on sepsis patients.	
ED RN Sepsis Order Set Usage	○ Yes	
Osage	○ No	
Questions about RN use of order set for patient's screening sepsis positive.		10. lr
	8. I am required by facility policy to notify a provider when a patient	
1. Sepsis order sets are only for	screens positive for sepsis.	
patients that screen positive for Severe Sepsis.	True	
○ True	○ False	
O false		
() False	9. Do you think that using the RN Sepsis order set effects patient	12 :
2. I feel unsure when it is appropriate	outcome?	
to use the RN Sepsis order set.	Yes	P
Strongly agree	○ No	
	O NO	
Agree		



In your experience, what are the biggest barriers in using the RN Sepsis order? More details Latest Responses 16 "providers" Responses ... respondents (75%) answered providers for this question. peds positive pt with anxiety ordering order Pushback from the providers fluid things negative r/t order set providers complete sepsis protocol liters of fluids sepsis screen sepsis orders triage is complete RNs put in orders Providers state positive for sepsis

ED-90 UPDATE

PURPOSE

- Clarify nurse driven processes for existing order set use.
- Promote early recognition of life-threatening conditions, treatment and patient disposition.



STANDING ORDERS: STROKE, CHEST PAIN, SEPSIS, PEDIATRIC FEVER

- ADDITION OF WORKFLOW ALGORITHMS FOR STANDING ORDERS
- UPDATES TO ESI TRIAGE ALGORITHM V.5
- TRIAGE EXTREMITY INJURY GUIDELINES

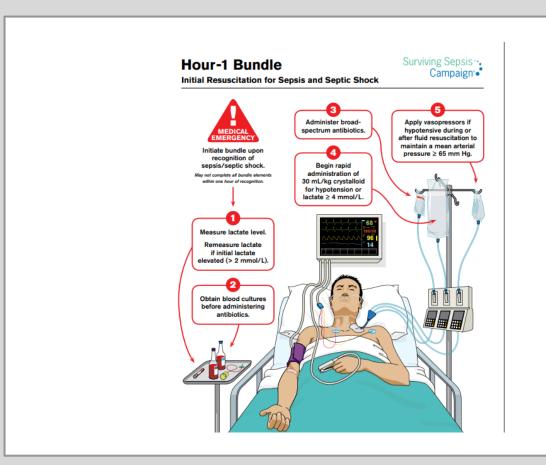
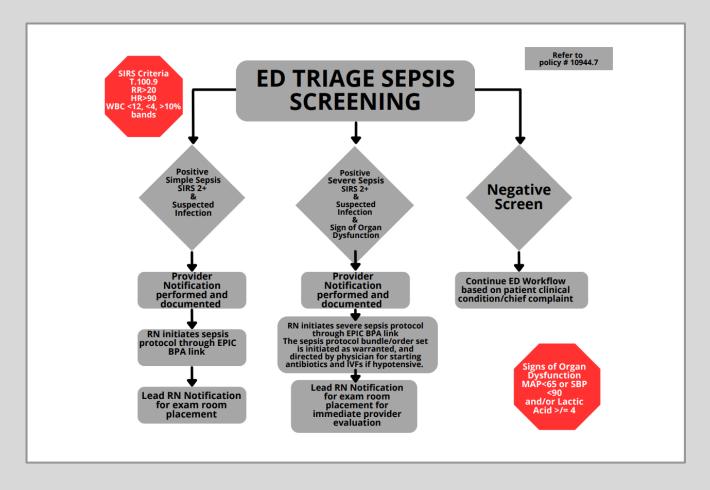


Image: Surviving Sepsis Campaign, 2021



PROVIDER SCORECARD & ORDER SET UTILIZATION

Data obtained from concurrent audits to determine each ED provider's median & average arrival to antibiotic order times

Sample= > 18 yo, non-viral, not hospice/comfort measures, admitted to hospital, meets severe sepsis/septic shock clinical criteria or provider documentation of "severe sepsis" or "septic shock"

Scorecards unblinded, sent out monthly, includes volume of patients in sample seen, median & abx times, BPA reliance.

ED Medical Director reviews for performance issues. Provider Champions provide coaching, promote Sepsis Quick List Utilization

SCORECARD ELEMENTS

Elements Included

- Provider Names
- Median Arrival to Antibiotics
 Order
- Average Arrival to Antibiotics Order
- Volume of Patients in Sample
- Ranked by Color
- Unblinded



STAKEHOLDER BUY-IN



concurrent audits.

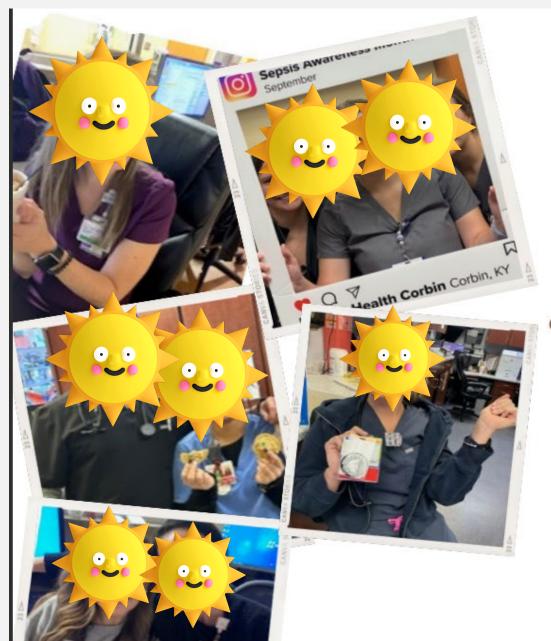




MAY 2024 **SEPSIS** STAR PROUDLY PRESENTED TO m · 1 1 977 11 DI JUIU For Outstanding Care of Sepsis Patients Arrival to blood cx order, lactic acid - 9 minutes · Blood culture/lactic order to collection-1 minute

- · Arrival to antibiotic order- 10 minutes
- Antibiotic order to administration- 10 minutes

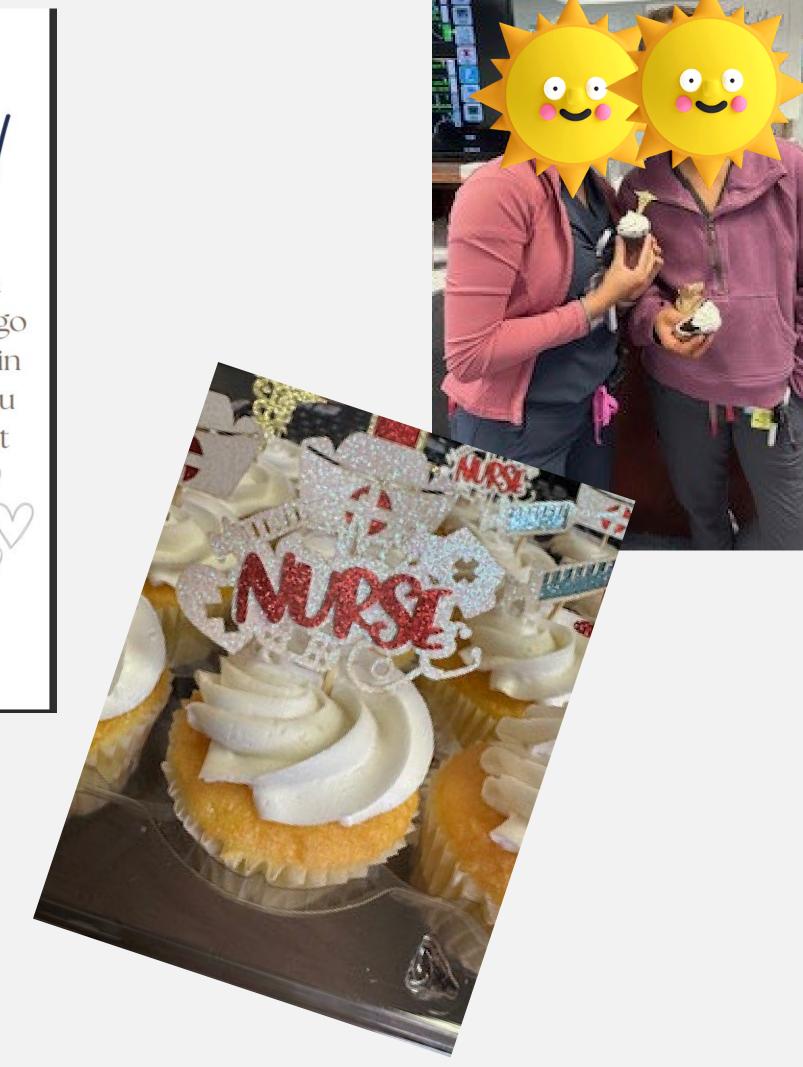
Signature



Thank Soul

Your hard work and dedication in caring for sepsis patients does not go unnoticed. You have to be experts in so many things. We appreciate you and we value your expertise. What you do makes a difference.





RESULTS

Increase in SEP-1 Bundle Compliance

• At project initiation bundle compliance was 63.9%, within 3 months, bundle compliance had increased to 82.09%

Mortality Rates decreased

• Sepsis Mortality rate I I.3% at project initiation, decreased to 4.0% when entering monitoring phase.

Reduction in CMS case failures related to delay in broad spectrum antibiotic administration.

- At project initiation, abx failures accounted for 27% of case failures.
- When entering monitoring phase of project, abx failures accounted for 15% of outlier cases











STANDARD
TRIAGE PRACTICE

FEEDBACK

ADAPTATION

EDUCATION

MONITORING

SUSTAINABILITY

Key Takeaways

✓ Early Recognition/Treatment is Critical- Empowering frontline staff is essential.



✓ **Standardized Protocols Improve Consistency-** Nurse-driven and evidence-based protocols reduce variability in care and improve SEP-1 compliance. If you use them!



✓ **Multidisciplinary Engagement is a Game Changer-** Success required buy-in from nursing, providers, pharmacy, lab, IT, leadership, and quality teams.



✓ **Real-Time Feedback Drives Change-** Sharing data with staff helped connect actions to outcomes.



- ✓ **Data Transparency Builds Accountability-** Making SEP-I performance visible at the department or provider level motivated behavior change and promoted a culture of quality.
- ✓ Continuous Monitoring is Essential- Ongoing chart reviews and audits are necessary to catch gaps, reinforce best practices, and sustain gains.
- ✓ Education is Not One-and-Done- Ongoing training, especially during onboarding and during high turnover periods, is vital.



Acknowledgments

•Baptist Health Corbin Leadership – for supporting implementation and resource allocation

Special Thanks To:

- •Emergency Department Staff for frontline engagement and protocol compliance
- •ED Providers & Hospitalists for collaboration and responsiveness
- •Sepsis Committee Members for review, guidance, and support
- •Quality & Patient Outcomes- Executive Director Heather Napier, MSN, RN, CCRN, CPHQ, HACP, T-CHEST



REFERENCES

- https://www.ihi.org/resources/tools/plan-do-study-act-pdsa-worksheet
- https://www.sccm.org/survivingsepsiscampaign
- https://hqin.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/Hospital-Sepsis-Gap-Analysis_508.pdf

Questions?

